For the following format specifiers, PLEASE FILL OUT COMPLETE INFORMATION. It will not be sufficient to copy and paste information you find on the internet. For your own success in this lesson you should articulate your understanding of how each of these specifiers work.

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| **%f** | When do you use it?  When you want to fix a point or round a decimal.  How does it work?  Printf(“%#f”,1.1231465) the # you put is the number of how many decimals you want it to keep  Provide examples:  To make 3.1415926 to 3.14,  printf(“%.2f”, 3.1415926) |
| **%d** | When do you use it?  When you want to control the integer width  How does it work?  Printf(“%#d”,12321321321); the # you put can be either positive or negative, which means right-justified or left justified. And the # means the minimum amount width you want.  Provide examples:  Printf(“%3d”,0);  0 |
| **&S** | When do you use it?  It’s use to add a string of characters  How does it work?  It’s almost the same as %d, but just use for words like Hello.  Provide examples:  Printf(“%s”,”Hello”);  ‘Hello’ |